Young Learners Preferences on Using Games and Songs for Learning English in EFL Context

by Cek Turnitin

Submission date: 02-Mar-2024 12:58AM (UTC-0600)

Submission ID: 2309579132 **File name:** 2.pdf (269.1K)

Word count: 4097

Character count: 23124



Education Quarterly Reviews

Budianto, S., Sayidah, N., Sucipto, & Mustofa, A. (2022). Young Learners Preferences on Using Games and Songs for Learning English in EFL Context. *Education Quarterly Reviews*, 5(4), 90-95.

ISSN 2621-5799

DOI: 10.31014/aior.1993.05.04.574

The online version of this article can be found at: https://www.asianinstituteofresearch.org/

Published by:

The Asian Institute of Research

The Education Quarterly Reviews is an Open Access publication. It may be read, copied, and distributed free of charge according to the conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license.

The Asian Institute of Research Education Quarterly Reviews is a peer-reviewed International Journal. The journal covers scholarly articles in the fields of education, linguistics, literature, educational theory, research, and methodologies, curriculum, elementary and secondary education, higher education, foreign language education, teaching and learning, teacher education, education of special groups, and other fields of study related to education. As the journal is Open Access, it ensures high visibility and the increase of citations for all research articles published. The Education Quarterly Reviews aims to facilitate scholarly work on recent theoretical and practical aspects of education.





The Asian Institute of Research Education Quarterly Reviews Vol.5, No.4, 2022: 90-95 ISSN 2621-5799 Copyright © The Author(s). All Rights Reserved DOI: 10.31014/aior.1993.05.04.574

Young Learners Preferences on Using Games and Songs for Learning English in EFL Context

Suhartawan Budianto¹, Nur Sayidah², Sucipto³, Amirul Mustofa⁴

- ¹ Faculty of Letters, Dr. Soetomo University, Surabaya, Indonesia
- ² Faculty of Economic and Business, Dr. Soetomo University, Surabaya, Indonesia
- ³ Faculty of Education, Dr. Soetomo University, Surabaya, Indonesia
- ⁴ Faculty of Administration, Dr. Soetomo University, Surabaya, Indonesia

Correspondence: Nur Sayidah, Email: sayidah36@gmail.com

Abstract

This study investigated young learner preference for using games and songs to learn English in the EFL context. Many ways have been found to assist young learners in acquiring English as a Foreign Language. The students' perceptions were taken from the questionnaire. The result showed that most students liked it better when the teachers used games and songs in teaching English in an EFL context. It is suggested that both games and songs can be utilized in teaching English to young learners in the EFL context.

Keywords: Young Learners, Games, Learning English, EFL Context

1. Introduction

The studies of using games and songs have invited many researchers to discover the contribution in teaching English to young learners, the so-called EYL (English for young learners) in the EFL context. First, previous studies have examined the efficacy of games in learning English for young learners in the EFL context Ahmed et al., 2022; Amal Shehadeh AlNatour & Dima Hijazi, 2018; Behnamnia et al., 2020; Ben El Moudden, 2021; Dashtestani, 2022; Fu et al., 2019; Hao et al., 2021; Kumar et al., 2022; Lin et al., 2020; Patra et al., 2022).

The efficacy of games occurs for some skills of language. Games bring a positive influence on vocabulary (Ben El Moudden, 2021; Dashtestani, 2022; Hao et al., 202; Patra et al., 2022), grammar (Lin et al., 2020), writing (Fu et al., 2019; Dashtestani, 2022), pronunciation (Dashtestani, 2022), listening (Dashtestani, 2022; Kumar et al., 2022), speaking (Dashtestani, 2022), problem-solving Ben El Moudden, 2021; Dashtestani, 2022), motivation (Dashtestani, 2022; Ahmed et al., 2022). These findings indicated that games helped learn English.

The previous research involved elementary school students called English for young learners (Behnamnia et al., 2020; Patra et al., 2022; Kumar et al., 2022). Although recent studies showed that students had shown positive responses for using the game in learning English, those studies applied varied research designs, applying

questionnaires Ben El Moudden, 2021), interviews (Dashtestani, 2022), surveys (Dashtestani, 2022), case study (Behnamnia et al., 2020), experimental ones (Amal Shehadeh AlNatour & Dima Hijazi, 2018; Fu et al., 2019; Hao et al., 2021; Lin et al., 2020; Patra et al., 2022)

Second, previous studies have investigated the efficacy of songs in learning English for young learners in an EFL context (Al-efeshat & Baniabdelrahman, 2020; Nguyen & Nguyen, 2020), in ESL (Al-Smadi, 2020; Singh, 2020). Most those research examined the vocabulary skill (Agaj Avdiu, 2021; Al-efeshat & Baniabdelrahman, 2020; Islami, 2019; Lelawati et al., 2018; Nguyen & Nguyen, 2020; Putri et al., 2022; Rohmah & Indah, 2021; Sanjaya et al., 2022; Triwardani & Yuningsih, 2022; Yeni & Amelia, 2020), speaking (Yeni & Amelia, 2020; 2020; Putri et al., 2022), writing (Yeni & Amelia, 2020), reading (Yeni & Amelia, 2020, pronunciation (Agaj Avdiu, 2021; Al-Smadi, 2020; Putri et al., 2022; Yeni & Amelia, 2020), grammar (Al-Smadi, 2020; Yeni & Amelia, 2020), motivation (Al-Smadi, 2020; Ernawati et al., 2019; Singh, 2020), positive responds (Emawati et al., 2019; Islami, 2019)

Song contributed significantly, especially to vocabulary mastery for children (Sevik, 2014). Songs used as learning media can provide joy in learning English for children (Shen, 2009; Hadian, 2015). Song help children easily obtain and remember new English vocabulary (Kuśnierek, 2016). The song is used as learning media to learn English vocabulary (Sukirmiyadi, 2017; Hadian, 2017; Almutairiri, 2017; Al-Azri, 2017). Some of the previous studies also showed that song contributed significantly, especially to vocabulary mastery for children (Sukirmiyadi, 2017; Almutairiri, 2017; Ma'rifat, 2017; Sevik, 2014).

Previous researches also proved the effectiveness and efficiency of using song as learning (Sukirmiyadi, 2017; Shen, 2017). It can be said that song helps educators teach children English vocabulary. The effectiveness and efficiency of song influence listening ability (Almutairiri, 2017). Song used as learning media can provide joy in learning English for children (Ma'rifat, 2017; Al-Azri, 2017; Shen, 2009; Hadian; 2015), which means that the findings of this current study are in line with those of previous research. This finding was supported by Ernawati et al. (2019). Children do like song as learning media. Regarding language acquisition, songs help children obtain and remember new English vocabulary easily (Kuśnierek, 2016). Prior studies have proven that songs used as learning media give children good pronunciation in the vocabulary they are learning (Al-Azri, 2017). The results of this research focus on the senses of sight, hearing, and correct pronunciation and the focus is not on the writing and spelling of the words being learnt (Almutairiri, 2017; Hadian 2017).

Few studies are concerned with investigating English vocabulary at the elementary level using games (Gutierrez Arvizu et al., 2020; Song & Lee, 2019; Soria et al., 2020). No matter their research design, they claimed that games were very useful in improving vocabulary. This research focused on students' preference for young Learners in EFL Context. This study aimed to find the preference of young learners of teachers' speaking English, using games and songs while learning in an EFL context.

2. Method

This research uses a survey method to study young learners' preference for learning English in elementary school. We selected a research sample using a cluster method. There are two clusters, namely public elementary schools and private elementary schools. Questionnaire was applied to examine students' preference on learning English. The questionnaire was addressed to the students in the Indonesian language to obtain an understanding from the students. The questionnaires in three questions asked about the frequency of using song and games in English learning. This study involved six elementary schools where the participant was the students and the teachers or English teachers of grade 4th. One school were private school, and five public elementary school. There were 569 students taking part in this study.

3. Results

Table 1 reports the results of question 1, the way of teaching used by the teachers, showing the percentage of teachers who were speaking English whilst teaching was 91%, using English songs was 56%, using games was

63%. It showed teachers' speaking (91%) when teaching helped and improve the students' listening ability (50%) in Table 1. This was also supported by the use of English songs by teachers (56%). In short, students' ability of listening was improved by the teachers' speaking English and the use of songs English.

Table 1: Survey items on students' perception of methods used by the teachers

My teachers speak English mostly when teaching English	Yes 9	
	No	9%
My teachers use English songs when teaching English	Yes	56%
	No	44%
My teachers use games when teaching English	Yes	63%
	No	37%

The table above showed a positive response from the students dealing with the use of English by their teachers. It was indicated that 91% of students answered that the teachers spoke English while teaching the English lesson, and only 9% said that their teacher used English for teaching. On the contrary, Song (2018) suggested that EFL teachers use code-switching rather than only English instruction to make students comprehend the target language. According to Said (2018), the teachers' ability in speaking is necessary to deliver the lesson. It is in line with Shyebani (2019), there is high correlation between students respond and teachers speaking.

Students' preferences of using games, songs, and other fun activities to study English reported that using English songs found 56% of students and using games was 63% of students. It can be inferred that many teachers applied songs and games in teaching English. The finding indicated that the young learners like better games than song although the different was not significant.

The previous studies proved that there were many beneficial outcomes by using games for young learners. There were two areas covered by the previous studies that was in line with the finding of the study. First area was relating to the English aptitude. Using games in teaching English also improved grammar (Lin et al., 2020), writing (Fu et al., 2019; Dashtestani, 2022), pronunciation (Dashtestani, 2022), listening (Dashtestani, 2022; Kumar et al., 2022), speaking (Dashtestani, 2022), problem-solving Ben El Moudden, 2021; Dashtestani, 2022). The second area was delaing with aptitude such as motivation (Dashtestani, 2022; Ahmed et al., 2022), and positive influence (Boyinbode, 2018; Chen et al., 2019; Fithriani, 2021; Kohnke, 2020). In addition, Zhonggen (2018) said that gaming is better than traditional approach.

Besides the effectiveness of using games, songs also contributed significantly to learning English for young learners. Songs influenced positively, especially to vocabulary mastery for children (Sevik, 2014). This findings were in line with the studies recently which claimed that games bring the positive influence on vocabulary Ben El Moudden, 2021; Dashtestani, 2022; Hao et al., 202; Patra et al., 2022). Song used as learning media can provide joy in learning English for children (Fransischa, 2017; Shen, 2009; Hadian, 2015). In regard to language acquisition, songs help children to obtain and remember new English vocabulary easily (Kuśnierek, 2016). This is in line with the previous finding proposed by (Hao et al., 2021).

Students' perspective in using games in learning English for young learners. Some positive respond and negative respond. The studies which have examined the students' perception of EFL learning like positive respond (Abdelrady et al., 2022; Abdullah, 2020; Alghasab, 2020; Hussain Al-Qahtani, 2019; Bsharat et al., 2021; Ika Dhamayanti, 2021; Fithriani et at., 2019; Sheybani, 2019; Tragant & Vallbona, 2018; Wang et al., 2021; Behnamnia et al., 2020; BEN EL MOUDDEN, 2021), while other studies report the negative respond from students (Klimova & Polakova, 2020; Cabrera-Solano et al., 2019).

Both games and songs might contribute the similar improvement in acquiring English for young learners. The improvement occurred in speaking (Yeni & Amelia, 2020; Putri et al., 2022; Dashtestani, 2022), grammar (Al-

Smadi, 2020; Yeni & Amelia, 2020; Lin et al., 2020), writing (Yeni & Amelia, 2020; Fu et al., 2019; Dashtestani, 2022), pronunciation (Agaj Avdiu, 2021; Al-Smadi, 2020; Putri et al., 2022; Yeni & Amelia, 2020; Dashtestani, 2022), motivation (Al-Smadi, 2020; Ernawati et al., 2019; Singh, 2020; Dashtestani, 2022; Ahmed et al., 2022), improvement of vocabulary (Agaj Avdiu, 2021; Al-efeshat & Baniabdelrahman, 2020; Islami, 2019; Lelawati et al., 2018; Ben El Moudden, 2021; Dashtestani, 2022; Hao et al., 202; Patra et al., 2022).

There were six skills of language which were covered by using games and songs. They were vocabulary, grammar, writing, speaking, pronunciation, and motivation. But they were only two skills (listening and reading). Listening improvement was effective for using games while reading improvement was good for using songs. Wallace & Leong (2020) argued that songs and game are students favorite as an intrinsic motivation to learn English.

4. Conclusion

Teaching young learners needs sufficient creativity from the teachers. The creativity method would be fruitful by applying games and songs since young learners loved and enjoyed games and songs. Further studies should explore the use of games and songs in improving EYL in EFL context. For example, facilitating students' preference in learning English as foreign language by using technology like table, electronic dictionary, mobile phone etc.

Acknowledgment

We would like to thank the Directorate of Research and Community Service, Directorate General of Research and Development Strengthening, Ministry of Education, Culture, Research and Technology of the Republic of Indonesia, which has provided research funding for the 2022 fiscal year in the Fundamental Research Scheme for Higher Education Excellence in accordance with Contract Number 21987/ MPK.A/KP.08.00/2022 dated April 5, 2022, between the Directorate of Research and Community Service and Regional VII Higher Education Service Institutions and the 2022 Multi-Year Research Contract between Region VII Higher Education Service Institutions and Higher Education Leaders Number 159/E5/ P6.02.00.PT/2022 dated 10 May 2022 and Contract between Higher Education and researcher Number Lemlit.62/B.1.03/VI/2022 dated 20 June 2022.

References

- Abdelrady, A. H., Jahara, S. F., Elmadani, A. E. A., & Kumar, T. (2022). The Attitude of Sudanese EFL Students towards Literature to Enrich Their Vocabulary Building. *Education Research International*, 2022, 12. https://doi.org/10.1155/2022/7569371
- Abdullah, A. (2020). EFL learners' experience of a MALL-based vocabulary learning tool. *Indonesian Journal of Applied Linguistics*, 10(2), 283–291. https://doi.org/10.17509/ijal.v10i2.28590
- Agaj Avdiu, T. (2021). Non-native English teachers' views on the use of music and songs in teaching English as a foreign language to primary school learners. *Rast Müzikoloji Dergisi*, 9(3), 3105–3120. https://doi.org/10.12975/rastmd.20219310
- Ahmed, A. A., Ampry, E. S., Komariah, A., Hassan, I., Thahir, I., Hussein Ali, M., Fawzi Faisal, A., & Zafarani, P. (2022). Investigating the Effect of Using Game-Based Learning on EFL Learners' Motivation and Anxiety. *Education Research International*, 2022. https://doi.org/10.1155/2022/6503139
- Al-efeshat, H., & Baniabdelrahman, A. (2020). The EFL Teachers' and Students' Attitudes towards the Use of Songs in Learning English. *International Online Journal of Education and Teaching*, 7(3), 844–858. https://iojet.org/index.php/IOJET/article/view/862
- Al-Smadi, M. H. (2020). The Effect of Using Songs on Young English Learners' Motivation in Jordan. International Journal of Emerging Technologies in Learning, 15(24), 52–63. https://doi.org/10.3991/ijet.v15i24.19311
- Al-Azri, R., Al-rashdi, M. H., & Kazazi, L. (2015). Using Songs To Support Vocabulary Learning For Grade Four Pupils. International Journal of Scientific & Technology Research, 4(6), 40–45.
- Alghasab, M. B. (2020). Flipping the Writing Classroom: Focusing on the Pedagogical Benefits and EFL Learners' Perceptions. English Language Teaching, 13(4), 28. https://doi.org/10.5539/elt.v13n4p28
- Almutairi, M., & Shukri, N. (2017). Using Songs in Teaching Oral Skills to Young Learners: T eachers 'Views and Attitudes. January. https://doi.org/10.5296/ijl.v8i6.10464
- Amal Shehadeh AlNatour, & Dima Hijazi. (2018). The Impact of Using Electronic Games on Teaching English

- Vocabulary for Kindergarten Students. *US-China Foreign Language*, *16*(4), 193–205. https://doi.org/10.17265/1539-8080/2018.04.001
- Behnamnia, N., Kamsin, A., Ismail, M. A. B., & Hayati, A. (2020). The effective components of creativity in digital game-based learning among young children: A case study. Children and Youth Services Review, 116(July), 105227. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.childyouth.2020.105227
- Ben El Moudden, M. (2021). The Integration of Games in Teaching English as a Foreign Language in the Classroom: Moulay Ismail University as a Case Study. *International Journal of Language and Literary Studies*, 3(1), 208–229. https://doi.org/10.36892/ijlls.v3i1.425
- Boyinbode, O. (2018). Development of a gamification based english vocabulary mobile learning system. International Journal of Computer Science and Mobile Computing, 7(8), 183–191. https://www.academia.edu/37339456/Development_of_a_Gamification_Based_English_Vocabulary_Mobile_Learning_System
- Bsharat, T. (2021). The influence of music and educational songs on EFL students' achievement from their teachers' perspective in Jenin Region. *African Educational Research Journal*, 9(3), 728–738. https://doi.org/10.30918/aerj.93.21.106
- Cabrera-Solano, P., Gonzalez-Torres, P., Solano, L., Castillo-Cuesta, L., & Jiménez, J. (2019). Perceptions on the internal factors influencing EFL learning: A case of Ecuadorian children. *International Journal of Instruction*, 12(4), 365–380. https://doi.org/10.29333/iji.2019.12424a
- Chen, C. M., Liu, H., & Huang, H. Bin. (2019). Effects of a mobile game-based English vocabulary learning app on learners' perceptions and learning performance: A case study of Taiwanese EFL learners. *ReCALL*, 31(2), 170–188. https://doi.org/10.1017/S0958344018000228
- Dashtestani, R. (2022). The Winding Path towards Implementing Digital Game-based Learning (DGBL) in an Educational Context: the Voices of Pre-service Teachers. *Call-Ej*, 23(3), 70–93.
- Ernawati, E., Tsurayya, H., & Ghani, A. R. A. (2019). Multiple intelligence assessment in teaching English for young learners. *Research and Evaluation in Education*, 5(1), 21–29. https://doi.org/10.21831/reid.v5i1.23376
- Fithriani, R. (2021). The utilization of mobile-assisted gamification for vocabulary learning: Its efficacy and perceived benefits. Call-Ej, 22(3), 146–163.
- Fithriani, R., Rafida, T., & Siahaan, A. (2019). Integrating Online Blogging into EFL Writing Instruction: Exploring Students' Perceptions. 188(Eltlt 2018), 87–90. https://doi.org/10.2991/eltlt-18.2019.17
- Fu, Q. K., Lin, C. J., Hwang, G. J., & Zhang, L. (2019). Impacts of a mind mapping-based contextual gaming approach on EFL students' writing performance, learning perceptions and generative uses in an English course. Computers and Education, 137, 59–77. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.compedu.2019.04.005
- Gutierrez Arvizu, M. N. (2020). L2 Vocabulary Acquisition through Narratives in an EFL Public Elementary School. IAFOR Journal of Education, 8(1), 115–128. https://doi.org/10.22492/ije.8.1.07
- Hadj Said, M., Goui, D., & Al-Jamal, D. A. (2018). Students' Perceptions Of Their Native And Non-Native Teachers' Effect On Their Oral Fluency: EFL Context As An Example., July, 117. https://doi.org/10.35156/1174-000-030-044
- Hao, T., Wang, Z., & Ardasheva, Y. (2021). Technology-Assisted Vocabulary Learning for EFL Learners: A Meta-Analysis. Journal of Research on Educational Effectiveness, 14(3), 645–667. https://doi.org/10.1080/19345747.2021.1917028
- Hussain Al-Qahtani, M. (2019). Teachers' and Students' Perceptions of Virtual Classes and the effectiveness of Virtual Classes in Enhancing Communication Skills. Arab World English Journal, 1, 223–240. https://doi.org/10.24093/awej/ef11.16
- Ika Dhamayanti, F. (2021). EFL Students' Perception and Motivation Toward Quizizz as E-Learning Media in English E-Classroom. Education of English as Foreign Language, 4(2), 71–78. https://doi.org/10.21776/ub.educafl.2021.004.02.03
- Islami, F. T. (2019). Using song as a media in teaching vocabulary to young learners based on total physical response (TPR) method. 274–282.
- Klimova, B., & Polakova, P. (2020). Students' perceptions of an EFL vocabulary learning mobile application. Education Sciences, 10(2). https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci10020037
- Kohnke, L. (2020). Exploring learner perception, experience and motivation of using a mobile app in L2 vocabulary acquisition. *International Journal of Computer-Assisted Language Learning and Teaching*, 10(1), 15–26. https://doi.org/10.4018/IJCALLT.2020010102
- Kumar, T., Akhter, S., Yunus, M. M., & Shamsy, A. (2022). Use of Music and Songs as Pedagogical Tools in Teaching English as Foreign Language Contexts. *Education Research International*, 2022. https://doi.org/10.1155/2022/3384067
- Kurt, G. (2021). Technology-mediated tasks in the young learners' EFL classroom. Elementary Education Online, 20(1), 327–340. https://doi.org/10.17051/ilkonline.2021.01.031
- Kuśnierek, A., & Derenowski Kalisz, M. (2016). The role of music and songs in teaching English vocabulary to students. WSN World Scientific News, 43(1), 1–55. www.worldscientificnews.com

- Lelawati, S., Dhiya, S., & Mailani, P. N. (2018). The Teaching Of English Vocabulary To Young Learners. PROJECT (Professional Journal of English Education), 1(2), 95–100.
- Lin, C. J., Hwang, G. J., Fu, Q. K., & Cao, Y. H. (2020). Facilitating EFL students' English grammar learning performance and behaviors: A contextual gaming approach. *Computers and Education*, 152(March), 103876. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.compedu.2020.103876
- Nguyen, T. C., & Nguyen, H. B. (2020). Teachers' Perceptions about Using Songs in Vocabulary Instruction to Young Language Learners. *Universal Journal of Educational Research*, 8(6), 2678–2685. https://doi.org/10.13189/ujer.2020.080652
- Patra, I., Shanmugam, N., Ismail, S. M., & Mandal, G. (2022). An Investigation of EFL Learners' Vocabulary Retention and Recall in a Technology-Based Instructional Environment: Focusing on Digital Games. *Education Research International*, 2022. https://doi.org/10.1155/2022/7435477
- Putri, M. W., Juniarta, P. A. K., & Wahyuni, L. G. E. (2022). The Implementation of Songs in Teaching English for Young Learners in Online Learning Context. The Art of Teaching English as a Foreign Language, 3(1), 49–58. https://doi.org/10.36663/tatefl.v3i1.251
- Rohmah, N., & Indah, R. N. (2021). the Use of Modified English Song To Improve Vocabulary. ... of English Language Teaching ..., 121–129. http://www.e-journal.stkipsiliwangi.ac.id/index.php/eltin/article/view/2537
- Sanjaya, I. G. H., Dewi, N. L. P. E. S., & Paramartha, A. A. G. Y. (2022). An Investigation of Teaching Aids Used by English Teachers in Teaching Vocabulary for Young Learners. *Journal of Educational Study*, 2(1), 26–34. https://doi.org/10.36663/joes.v1i2.227
- Sevik, M. (2014). Young EFL learner about classroom songs. International Journal of English and Education, 3(1), 346–355.
- Shen, C. (2009). Using English Songs: an Enjoyable and Effective Approach to ELTUsing English Songs: an Enjoyable and Effective Approach to ELT. *English Language Teaching*, 2(1), 88–94. https://doi.org/10.5539/elt.v2n1p88
- Sheybani, M. (2019). The relationship between EFL Learners' Willingness to Communicate (WTC) and their teacher immediacy attributes: A structural equation modelling. *Cogent Psychology*, 6(1). https://doi.org/10.1080/23311908.2019.1607051
- Singh, C. K. S. (2020). A Review of Studies on action Songs among ESL Learners to Improve English. *International Journal of Psychosocial Rehabilitation*, 24(5), 2337–2344. https://doi.org/10.37200/ijpr/v24i5/pr201932
- Song, D., & Lee, J. H. (2019). The use of teache code-switching for very young EFL learners. ELT Journal, 73(2), 144–153. https://doi.org/10.1093/elt/ccy049
- Soria, S., Gutiérrez-Colón, M., & Frumuselu, A. D. (2020). Feedback and mobile instant messaging: Using whatsapp as a feedback tool in EFL. *International Journal of Instruction*, 13(1), 797–812. https://doi.org/10.29333/iji.2020.13151a
- Tragant, E., & Vallbona, A. (2018). Reading while listening to learn: Young EFL learners' perceptions. ELT Journal, 72(4), 395–404. https://doi.org/10.1093/elt/ccy009
- Triwardani, H. R., & Yuningsih, Y. (2022). Building Vocabulary Through Song as Effective Method in Learning English. Url Jurnal: https://Uia.e-Journal.Id/Lingua/ DOI: 10.34005/Lingua.V%vi%i.1710. https://doi.org/10.34005/lingua.v
- Wallace, Matthew P., & Leong, Emily In Leng. 2020. Exploring Language Learning Motivation among Primary EFL Learners. *Journal of Language Teaching and Research*. Vol.11, No.2.
- Wang, N., Chen, J., Tai, M., & Zhang, J. (2021). Blended learning for Chinese university EFL learners: learning environment and learner perceptions. Computer Assisted Language Learning, 34(3), 297–323. https://doi.org/10.1080/09588221.2019.1607881
- Yeni, M., & Amelia, R. (2020). Teaching alphabet for young learners through song. *Journal of English Language and Education*, 5(2), 12–22. https://www.jele.or.id/index.php/jele/article/view/69
- Zhonggen, Y. (2018). Differences in serious game-aided and traditional English vocabulary acquisition. Computers and Education, 127(July), 214–232. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.compedu.2018.07.014

Young Learners Preferences on Using Games and Songs for Learning English in EFL Context

ORIGIN	IALITY REPORT		
1 SIMIL		2% DENT PAPERS	
PRIMAF	RY SOURCES		
1	Submitted to President University Student Paper	5%	
2	Submitted to Mount Marty College Student Paper	3%	
3	Submitted to University of Belgrade Student Paper	1 %	
4	www.engineeringscience.rs Internet Source	1 %	
5	dspace.unl.edu.ec Internet Source	1 %	
6	Giri Tastra Pradnyana, Made Hery Santosa, I Nyoman Pasek Hadi Saputra. "Teacher's and Young Learners' Needs in English Teaching and Learning Environment", The Art of Teaching English as a Foreign Language, 2022		
7	su.diva-portal.org Internet Source	1%	

8	Putri Kurniawan Aprilia, M. Galuh Elga Romadhon, Dzul Fikri, Mutmainnah Mustofa. "Strategies and Challenges in Interdisciplinary English Language Teaching at the Preschool Level: A Qualitative Analysis", VELES (Voices of English Language Education Society), 2023 Publication	1%
9	Submitted to Curtin University of Technology Student Paper	1%
10	Submitted to University College London Student Paper	1 %
11	journals.uran.ua Internet Source	1 %
12	awej.org Internet Source	<1%
13	jiesjournal.com Internet Source	<1%
14	Bridget Kelly. "Using Photovoice to engage students in a non-major microbiology course", Microbiology Society, 2024 Publication	<1%
15	pdfs.semanticscholar.org Internet Source	<1%
16	Hafizh Alghifari, Sugeng Susilo Adi, Widya Caterine Perdhani. "Students Perspective on the Use of Rock Song in Learning to Improve	<1%

Students Vocabulary", Edu-Ling: Journal of English Education and Linguistics, 2022

Publication

ejournal.umm.ac.id <1% 17 Internet Source www.jonedu.org 18 Internet Source Dwi Sloria Suharti, Eka Ugi Sutikno, Hani Dewi 19 Aries Santi. "PREWRITING ACTIVITIES USING ASSISTED-TECHNOLOGY IN EFL JOURNALISM: A NEEDS ANALYSIS", PROJECT (Professional Journal of English Education), 2020 Publication Kewin Anten Raj JR, Anu Baisel. "Empirical <1% 20 Study on the Influence of Mobile Apps on Improving English Speaking Skills in School Students", World Journal of English Language, 2024 Publication

Exclude quotes Off
Exclude bibliography On

Exclude matches

Off

Young Learners Preferences on Using Games and Songs for Learning English in EFL Context

GRADEMARK REPORT	
FINAL GRADE	GENERAL COMMENTS
/0	
PAGE 1	
PAGE 2	
PAGE 3	
PAGE 4	
PAGE 5	
PAGE 6	
PAGE 7	